Written review by an official reviewer for the dissertation work of Nurbatyr Mukhametgazy on the topic "Synthesis and characterization of acrylamide-based polyampholytes for EOR, drilling of wells and tracer applications", submitted to fulfill the requirements for the Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) degree in the specialty 6D073900-Petrochemistry.

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																					programs	government	and/or	development	scientific	directions of	corresponds to the	approval)	the date of its	dissertation (as of	The topic of the	Criteria
																		Republic of Kazakhstan (indicate direction)	Technical Commission under the Government of the	scientific development, approved by the Higher Scientific and	3) The dissertation corresponds to the priority direction of	another state program (indicate the name of the program)	2) The dissertation was completed within the framework of	the name and number of the project or program)	project or target program financed from the state budget (indicate	1) The dissertation was completed within the framework of a				government programs:	1.1 Compliance with priority areas of scientific development or	Eligible (check one answer option)
Water-Dased Diffing Finites.	Water-Rased Drilling Fluids"	Based on Synthetic and Natural Polyampholytes for	or particular and study of them informed complexes	of "Conthesis and Study of New Modified Complexes	period 2022-2024 (AP14972771), focusing on the title	the research under the project "Zhas Galym" for the	repaire of transmit broaden impairs to support	Remublic of Kazakhetan provided funding to support	Ministry of Science and Higher Education of the	The third project, the Science Committee of the	for Enhanced Oil Recovery".	Thermal and Salt-Resistant Amphoteric Terpolymers	(AP09260574), focused on the "Development of New	The second project, ongoing from 2021 to 2023	aimed to develop new materials.	Microgels" for the period 2020-2022 (AP08855552),	Thermo- and Salt-Sensitive Polyampholyte Nano- and	The first project, titled "Synthesis and Study of	Kazakhstan.	Science and Higher Education of the Republic of	budget of the Science Committee of the Ministry of	framework of several grant projects financed from the	of Polymer Materials and Technologies (IPMT) in the	National Research Technical University and Institute	laboratory of engineering profile (LIP) of Kazakh	1) The dissertation work was performed in	scientific development or government programs.	applications" complies with with priority areas of	polyampholytes for EOR, drilling of wells and tracer	"Synthesis and characterization of acrylamide-based	The Ph.D. thesis of Nurbatyr Mukhametgazy entitled	Justification of the official reviewer's position.

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The principle of internal unity	The principle of independence	Importance for science	
 4.1 Justification of the relevance of the dissertation: 1) Justified; 2) Partially justified; 3) Not justified. 	Level of independence: 1) High; 2) Average; 3) Low; 4) No independence	The work does/does not make a significant contribution to science and its importance is/is not well disclosed	
The work is mainly aimed at solving fundamental problems. Simultaneously, considering the thorough review of recent year literature provided in the dissertation, along with the research findings achieved by the author, there appears to be great promise in testing the novel TPA as viscosifying agents in enhanced oil recovery (EOR), as rheology enhancers and fluid loss additives for water-based drilling fluids (WBDFs), and also as tracer agents in applications within the oil industry.	Analyzing the dissertation, it can be seen that the candidate has conducted comprehensively studied of the subject area and is capable of independently addressing both theoretical and practical tasks outlined in the research work.	The content and research results of the dissertation well disclosed the relevance and importance of the work. This thesis is devoted to developing synthesis optimization was achieved to obtain a novel high molecular weight ternary polyampholyte AAm-co-AMPS-co-APTAC with a composition of 80:10:10 mol.%. Which demonstrates a superior oil displacement capability compared to hydrolyzed polyacrylamide (HPAM) for enhanced oil recovery (EOR), water-based drilling fluids (WBDFs) and as tracer applications in high-saline reservoirs as well as these studies make a significant contribution to the development and practical application of science.	Therefore, the author of the dissertation deserves the degree of Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) in the specialty 6D073900-Petrochemistry.

<u>,</u>		
The principle of scientific novelty		
 5.1 Are the scientific results and provisions new? 1) completely new; 2) partially new (25-75% are new); 3) not new (less than 25% are new) 	dissertation: 1) Reflects: 2) Partially reflects; 3) Does not reflect 4.3. The purpose and objectives correspond to the topic of the dissertation: 1) correspond; 2) partially correspond; 3) do not correspond 4.4 All sections and provisions of the dissertation are logically interconnected: 1) are fully interconnected: 2) the relationship is partial; 3) there is no relationship 4.5 New solutions (principles, methods) proposed by the author are argued and evaluated in comparison with the known solutions: 1) there is a critical analysis; 2) partial analysis does not represent one's own opinions, but quotes from other authors	
The results obtained in the dissertation work are completely new. The novelty of the PhD thesis is that the high molecular weight ternary polyampholytes (TPA) based on AAm-co-AMPS-co-APTAC were synthesized for the first time and they have a superior oil displacement capability in high-saline reservoirs compared to hydrolyzed polyacrylamide (HPAM) traditionally used in EOR. Moreover, the salt-tolerant ternary polyampholyte AAm-co-AMPS-co-APTAC was applied for preparation of water-based drilling fluid. The novel amphoteric ternolymer possessed not only	The topic of the dissertation is reflected on the content and gives a complete understanding of the meaning of the dissertation. The goals and objectives set out in the dissertation work are closely related to the research topic and the author effectively shows the achievement of these goals by diligently performing all related tasks. The dissertation demonstrates a highly organized and well-structured format, wherein all chapters are interrelated and systematically present an elaborate account of the research results. The author presented accurate, logically verified substantiations of the main provisions of the dissertation submitted for defense.	

Validity of the	
All main conclusions are based /not based on scientifically	5.2 Are the findings of the thesis new? 1) completely new; 2) partially new (25-75% are new); 3) not new (less than 25% are new) 5.3 Technical, technological, economic or management solutions are new and justified: 1) completely new; 2) partially new (25-75% are new); 3) not new (less than 25% are new); 3) not new (less than 25% are new)
The obtained data were confirmed using selective, accurate and modern analysis methods as well as the	mud performance (viscosity and filtration properties) under lower temperature geothermal conditions. For the first time, a trace amount of fluorescent monomer — Acrylamide Nile Blue (ANB) was introduced into the composition of AMPS-co-APTAC copolymer. As a result, a novel ternary polyampholyte [AMPS]:[APTAC]:[ANB] = 50:49:1 mol.%, featuring a globular structure and fully electroneutral macromolecular chains, was obtained to minimize or prevent its adsorption on to the rock. The conclusions presented by the author are entirely novel as they offer innovative solutions to the emerging challenges in polymer flooding technology for chemical enhanced oil recovery (EOR) and oil well drilling operations in Kazakhstan. The results obtained are mostly fundamental and technologically new.TPA emerges as a novel alternative to HPAM for application in enhanced oil recovery under high salinity conditions in Kazakhstan. It also serves as a crucial polymeric additive, enhancing the rheological properties of salt-tolerant WBDF while minimizing fluid loss. Additionally, its application extends to interwell connections via core analysis, leveraging fluorescence detection technology within oil well monitoring. Its important role as a tracer agent in polymer flooding tests further underscores the significance and practical relevance of this study.

indication it is a mulciness ratio at 13 mulcm,			
0			
BT/PAC-LV (0.18 cm) and bentonite alone (0.41 cm).			
thickness surpassed the thickness achieved with			
thickness to 0.09 cm. This reduction in filter cake			
fluid formulation significantly reduced the filter cake			
wt.%) NaCl brine with bentonite (4 wt.%) drilling			
:10 mol. %) to			
polyampholyte (AAm-co-AMPS-co-			
3. Adding 2 wt.% of a novel ternary			
conditions.	2) no		
displacement capacity than HPAM in high salinity	1) <u>yes;</u>		
results show that the TPA has a higher oil	7.5 Is it proven in the article?		
of the IOR by 28 % and 18 %, respectively. These	3) <u>wide</u>		
Karazhanbas oil (420 cp) at 30, resulted in an increase	2) average;		
1.77 Darcy sand pack models saturated with viscous	1) narrow;		
solutions, prepared in 200 g·L ⁻¹ brine, into the 0.62 and	7.4 Application level:		
2. The injection of 0.25 % TPA and HPAM	2) no		
300 g.L ⁻¹) brine.	1) yes;		
to its highest viscosifying ability in high salinity (200-	7.3 Is it new?		
for the further sand pack and core flooding tests due	2) <u>no</u>		
co-AMPS-co-APTAC=80:10:10 mol. % was chosen	1) yes;		
(APTAC) as a cationic monomer. The sample AAm-	7.2 Is it trivial?		
acrylamidopropyl) trimethylammonium chloride	4) not proven		
as an anionic monomer, and 5-25 mol. % (3-	3) rather not proven;		
methyl-1-propanesulfonic acid sodium salt (AMPS)	2) rather proven;		
nonionic monomer, 5-25 mol. % 2-acrylamido-2-	1) proven;		
comprising 50-90 mol.% acrylamide (AAm) as a	7.1 Is the position proven?	defense	
successfully synthesized and characterized,	provision separately:	submitted for	
1. Novel high molecular weight TPA were	It is necessary to answer the following questions for each	Main provisions	7.
several parallels.			
reproducibility all experiments were conducted in			

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	Principle of practical value				
9.2 The dissertation has practical significance and there is a high probability of applying the results obtained in practice: 1) <u>yes:</u> 2) no	9.1 The dissertation has theoretical significance:1) yes;2) no	8.5 The literature sources used are/are not sufficient for the literature review	8.4 Important statements are supported /partially confirmed/unsupported by references to current and reliable scientific literature	8.3 Theoretical conclusions, models, identified relationships and patterns are proven and confirmed by experimental research (for areas of training in pedagogical sciences, the results are proven on the basis of a pedagogical experiment): 1) ves: 2) no	
The dissertation can find application for solving problems in enhanced oil recovery (EOR) under high salinity conditions in Kazakhstan. It also serves as a crucial polymeric additive, enhancing the rheological properties of salt-tolerant WBDF while minimizing fluid loss. Additionally, its application extends to inter	The dissertation has high theoretical value.	The literature sources used are sufficient for the literature review.	The results of the work are consistent with the published works. Exact references to related sources are provided.	The principle of consistency consists of several main points, among which it is worth noting that the results achieved in the research work are undoubtedly obtained by using modern advanced computer technologies, instrumentation, various research methods, and diagrammatic processing of data. The dissertation work was carried out at the LIP of Satbayev University, the IPMT, and with technical support from Nazarbayev University (Astana), as well as within the framework of several grant projects funded by the Ministry of Science and Higher Education of the Republic of Kazakhstan. The results of the research are reflected in 12 publications.	11. Permeability and porosity measurements of sand pack and core samples 12. Core/sand pack flooding experiments 13. Preparation of bentonite/water and bentonite/polymer dispersion 14. Fluid loss tests 15. Permeability of filter cake and SEM analysis

presented.	4) low		
nuncontrol .	3) below average;		
language, and the research process is logically	2) average;	design	
is written in precise scientific and technical	1) high;	writing and	
The quality of academic writing is high; the work	Quality of academic writing:	Quality of	10.
	3) not new (less than 25% are new)		THE STATE OF
	2) partially new (25-75% are new);		
	1) completely new;		
Suggestions are new	9.3 Are the practice suggestions new?		
and practical relevance of this study.			
flooding tests further underscores the significance			
important role as a tracer agent in polymer			
technology within oil well monitoring. Its			
core analysis, leveraging fluorescence detection			
application extends to inter well connections via			
while minimizing fluid loss. Additionally, its			
the rheological properties of salt-tolerant WBDF			
serves as a crucial polymeric additive, enhancing	2) no		
high salinity conditions in Kazakhstan. It also	1) <u>ves;</u>		
problems in enhanced oil recovery (EOR) under	high probability of applying the results obtained in practice:		
The dissertation can find application for solving	9.2 The dissertation has practical significance and there is a		

Conclusion

The dissertation work demonstrates scientific novelty, with results, discussion, and conclusions that meet the criteria set by the Committee of Higher and Postgraduate Education of the Ministry of Science and Higher Education of the Republic of Kazakhstan, showcasing its relevance and scientific merit. Mr. Nurbatyr Mukhametgazy has become a specialist in his field of research, and his qualifications can be highly valuable for advancing new directions in the field of science in our country. I am very pleased with his work and truly recommend him to defend his Ph.D. thesis, meeting the requirements for the Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) degree in the specialty 6D073900-Petrochemistry.

Reviewer:

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Senior Researcher, NLA, Nazarbayev Highersity WHITAP

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